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POLITICAL SCIENCES

SOCIAL SECURITY IN THE CONDITIONS OF MILITARY AGGRESSION RUSSIA AGAINST UKRAINE

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Introductions. Social security is one of the key elements of the economic development of any country in the world. That is why, when formulating state policy, special attention is focused on the level and structure of social security. It is worth noting that the structure of social security is different in different countries. But the key elements remain social insurance, pensions, temporary disability benefits and other social benefits and benefits.

At the same time, unsolved problems of both objective and subjective nature should be highlighted. Their overcoming depends not only on the desire of Ukraine and the determination of the state policy of transformation of the socio-economic development of the country, aimed at facilitating its adaptation to the principles common to EU policy, but also on external factors that are beyond its borders.

Aim. The purpose of this article is to analyze and characterize the main directions of the management system of social and economic development of Ukraine at the stage of joining the European community.

Materials and methods. The Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine dated March 3, 2021 approved the "National Economic Strategy for the period until 2030", which defines the long-term economic vision, principles and values, key vectors of economic development and for each of the 20 directions. The strategy envisages the gradual achievement of the goal of increasing the level of well-being of the population [1].

Results and discussion. An important place in the process of effective socio-economic development of the country is occupied by the social sphere, since it is in this sector of the economy that the production, distribution and consumption of material and immaterial goods is carried out, as well as ensuring the expanded reproduction of human capital with the participation of the state as a guarantor of the economic provision of a socially sufficient standard of living people.

Modern trends in the development of both the economy of Ukraine and the countries of the world, which take place in conditions of uncertainty and extreme variability, cause the emergence of a number of new qualitative and quantitative factors that affect the level of macroeconomic stability of the country. The global economic crisis, the aggression of the Russian Federation against Ukraine in 2014 and the full-scale war in 2022 demonstrated significant imbalances in the development of economic, social and political processes, the lagging of the Ukrainian economy from the developed countries of the world, its unpreparedness for transformations and prompt response to internal and external threats.

In this regard, the issue of diagnosing problems and assessing the impact of these factors is becoming more relevant for the purpose of timely coordination and synchronization of state policy aimed at achieving macroeconomic stability and ensuring social security of the country. Timely detection of negative trends in changes in the qualitative and quantitative parameters of the development of the national economy allow timely response to internal and external challenges, reduce the high level of uncertainty and prevent the appearance of negative consequences, especially in the social sphere.

The experience of functioning of European welfare states makes it possible to

identify a number of common features characteristic of them, such as: high GDP indicators and stable rates of their growth; state social guarantees to the population; significant role of the state in income redistribution; the practice of public-private partnership; effective forms of democratic system and civil society [2].

In turn, the presence of macroeconomic instability of the national economy in the social sphere may indicate an ineffective system of ensuring the social security of the country, which leads to an exacerbation of political instability, a decrease in competitiveness and the rate of socio-economic development of the country.

The Global Competitiveness Index, developed by experts of the World Economic Forum (WEF), is used more often than other indicators for the overall assessment of a country's level of economic development in world practice. In 2019, Singapore was recognized as the leader of the Global Competitiveness Index (GCI) among 141 world economies. The TOP-10 countries of the world in terms of competitiveness include the following EU countries: the Netherlands, Germany, Sweden, Denmark. In 2019, Ukraine lost two positions in the Global Competitiveness Index and fell to 85th place out of 141 countries [3]. Unfortunately, Ukraine ranks lowest among European countries in terms of security (116), social capital (118), and perception of corruption (104), macroeconomic stability (13), financial system (136) [4]. The main competitive disadvantages of Ukraine, compared to EU countries, include the low level of stability of the financial system and macroeconomic stability, low dynamism of business development; high level of corruption, ineffective state institutions: low level of social capital, low level of security.

Models of social states are determined not only by the volume of social expenditures, but also by their effectiveness for the life of society. An essential factor that distinguishes the social models of the state is the structure and configuration, the combination of the most important institutions of social protection - insurance, social assistance, state social security, medical care and education, the amount of resources directed to their functioning, and also the dominant role of one of the institutions of social protection [2].

The full-scale invasion of the Russian army on our homeland, the introduction

of martial law in Ukraine became a huge challenge for the social sphere. The damage caused by the war - psychological, material, physical - is one of the factors that negatively affect the life of each of us. And especially for those who are in difficult life circumstances, cannot take care of themselves, who have lost housing, work, health, families with children. Currently, the number of people who need the help of social workers has increased significantly. And it is obvious that the system of social services needed immediate adjustment. The current crisis, caused by the full-scale aggression of the Russian Federation against Ukraine, should not result in a reduction in the scope of protection of rights recognized by the European Social Charter, both within Ukraine and beyond. Since the beginning of the full-scale invasion of the Russian Federation into Ukraine, the social protection system faced two main tasks: maintaining the social payments, benefits and pensions provided for by the current legislation, ensuring the provision of social services, as well as providing support to internally displaced persons and persons who suffered from armed aggression.

The Ukrainian government has successfully and promptly introduced changes to the national legislation regarding the continuation of the receipt of those social benefits, assistance, benefits that were previously assigned and the possibility of extending some medical documents, such as confirmation of the disability group. In addition, the Ukrainian government managed to build a system of distribution of international aid to affected persons with the aim of maximum coverage of vulnerable categories of the population in all regions and limiting the possibility of receiving aid from only one UN agency. Despite certain duplications and inconsistencies in the criteria and categories of recipients, such coordination is taking place for the first time [5]. In order to maximize the dissemination of information for war-affected persons, a unique electronic platform "eDopomoga" has been developed, which already provides an opportunity to receive an almost complete set of information and advice on social assistance, as well as its registration and application for receipt. That is, we can note the continuation of the country's digitization course, even during the war. However, a large number of questions remain. In turn, the Charity Movement is actively growing and developing in Ukraine. You can help those who need it today in one click - by sending a money order to the address of the relevant organization. However, such assistance is not always enough - often specific actions "on the ground" are needed: delivery of food and clothing, assistance to doctors, organization of lunches for the homeless, care of the sick and much more. This work is performed by volunteers - people who voluntarily and free of charge engage in socially beneficial activities.

The full-scale Russian invasion on the territory of Ukraine is not a local, but a global problem that affects the life of the international, primarily European, community and becomes the most serious challenge to European stability and security. That is why a worthy rebuff to armed aggression and counteracting its consequences requires the mobilization of available resources at all levels - from local to global. The world community, having supported Ukraine in repelling armed aggression, demonstrates high cohesion and readiness to consolidate aid for the reconstruction of the affected economy.

One of the most powerful manifestations of the mobilization of internal social resources of civil society are self-organizing processes aimed at solving the most acute problems that arose in connection with armed aggression and post-war reconstruction. A vivid manifestation of such self-organization was the outbreak of volunteer activity of Ukrainians, which reveals the powerful force of civil society as a subject of social transformations in Ukraine [6]. It was determined that the social sphere is a key determinant of the macroeconomic stability of the country. The problems of macroeconomic instability of the national economy in the social sphere were revealed, which testify to the ineffective system of ensuring social security of Ukraine: military actions in the east of the country; low level of public administration, low level of trust in the government, high level of corruption, low efficiency of government actions in the field of social security; low level of macroeconomic stability; low healthy life expectancy; low level of ensuring national and personal freedom; low level of health care.

Conclusions. The basis of the country's further development is the urgent reorientation of the state administration system towards unconditional observance of

the principles of the rule of law, equality of every citizen before the law, and transparency of government. Achieving this goal requires a decisive cleansing of the government from corrupt officials, agents of foreign states and non-professionals; radical reorganization of the state apparatus: reforming the civil service institute, creating efficient state management bodies, forming a highly qualified, patriotically-minded corps of civil servants, corresponding reform of the system of training and retraining of personnel, implementation of modern ethical norms of behavior of civil servants, military personnel, law enforcement officers, formation of a new culture security; ensuring the openness and transparency of the functioning of state bodies, in particular, through the introduction of electronic government technologies.

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